AIRCRAFT DISPATCHER

UNIT 1 - AIRCRAFT FLIGHT PLANNING

LESSON B - AIRCRAFT SOURCES

STUDENT GUIDE

LESSON OBJECTIVES

- 1. List two sources of information available to assist in determining the type of aircraft to be utilized for a requested mission.
- 2. Identify three possible sources for filling aircraft orders.
- 3. Identify the differences between Exclusive-Use and Call-When-Needed aircraft.

NOTES

I. REQUIRED CERTIFICATION

All pilots and aircraft must be qualified and certified for a specific mission, such as

- Bucket work
- Long line
- Retardant
- Below 500 feet AGL
- Interagency fire

II. TYPES OF AIRCRAFT SOURCES

- A. Exclusive-Use
- B. Call-When-Needed (CWN)
- C. Agency-Owned

III. EXCLUSIVE-USE

A. Definition

A contract between the government and a vendor for a specific aircraft to be used <u>exclusively</u> by the government for a designated period of time.

B. Exclusive-Use Aircraft

- Helicopters
- Fixed-wing (Air Attack, Recon, etc.)
- Single Engine Airtanker (SEAT)
- Smokejumper Aircraft
- Heavy Airtanker (National Contract)

IV. CALL-WHEN-NEEDED (CWN)

A. USFS National Contracts

- Aircraft acquired through a national contract (U.S. Forest Service) for temporary use
 - Type 1 helicopter
 - Type 2 helicopter
 - Large transports

Not "exclusive" to the government May be used for private missions when not in "hired" status Office of Aircraft Services (OAS) Aircraft Rental Agreement (ARA) B. 1. Criteria Temporary "rental" of an aircraft (no contract) May not exceed \$25,000 per rental for non-fire projects. If the \$25,000 limit is exceeded, you must send the project out to bid—creates a contract not an ARA. May be hired locally via a "source list" 2. ARA Aircraft Type 3 helicopter Fixed-wing (Air Attack Platform, Recon, etc.)

Single Engine Airtanker

C. Agency-Owned Aircraft

- Ordered through normal dispatch channels
- Qualifications of pilot and aircraft must meet same criteria as Exclusive-Use, CWN, and ARA
- Smokejumper aircraft
- Lead plane
- Air Attack
- Helicopter

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